

ENERGY GRID MODELING FOR SWEET-SURE ALEXANDER FUCHS AND TURHAN DEMIRAY (SURE DELIVERABLE D6.1)

Introduction

• Background:

- Energy grids impose boundaries and constraints on energy transition scenarios.
- -SURE model analysis requires adequate grid model representation.

• Focus of this work:

- Develop aggregated models of the transmission grids for
- Electricity: from bottom-up European linear DC power flow model
- -Gas: from detailed European nonlinear gas flow model

• Benefit:

-Simple grid representation allow hard coupling with other models

Interaction with other SURE work packages

• WP6 performed interviews for need identification of each SURE partner.

- Main coupling with SURE Energy System model.
- Potential coupling with other SURE work packages.
- Detailed models also needed to compute technical resilience



 Detailed grid model available for refined studies (in particular security indicators)

Electricity grid model

• Data:

- -Nodal grid model used includes the transmission grid of Switzerland and 18 other European countries [PyPSA]
- -Generation, loads and renewables through regionalization of ENTSO-E TYNDP Scenarios
- Plausibility check with Swissgrid's published network expansion plans

• Approach:

- -Nodal DC power flow modeling and representation of loads and generation
- Combination of sparse DC-power flow models for full year simulation and Power-transfer-distribution-factor (PTDF) models for optimization-based model aggregation
- Zonal Aggregation using flow-based model of European inter-zonal grid capacities and Swiss NTC import/export capacities
- Aggregation of Switzerland into NUTS-2 regions

indicators.

Gas grid model

• Data:

- Public model of the European Network of Transmission System Operators for Gas (ENTSO-G) [SciGRID]
- Model includes pipes, border points, compressors and storages (related study within SURE)
- Monthly time series for gas trades at all European border points, published by IEA
- Plausibility checks with Swiss gas utilities (GAZNAT)
- Approach:
- Modeling using 1-dimensional steady-state flow equations for non-ideal gases.
- Fast solution of nonlinear flow model using dedicated Newton-Rhapson solver.
- -Model application to compute simplified import/export/flow limits for gas network for hard coupling with other SURE-models
- Model can be extended for potential repurposing to hydrogen pipelines

Procedure for European flow-based modeling

Aggregated grid modelling Nodal base case modellin Swiss NUTS-2 zones definitio **PvPSA** Gridmod gate CH by NUTS PTDF ion, load type an production type For comple nodal ENTS Create reference aps nodal inje to line loadi dal Powerflow SURE and ENTSOss zonal m Extract zonal regate Europea scenarios and ones with GSKs Generator dat in STEM model data **RES-profile** Load profiles ompute Flowbased and ATC constraint ig minRAM methodology and differe n nodal full ve Calculated ATC value Generator peration scenarios CH-EU) ATC values from capacities For different CH-EU external sources TYNDP or SURE scenarios

Illustration of European Gas grid model



Swiss electricity model





Simulation example of Swiss gas grid model





Nodal and aggregated regional model



Illustration of simulation results and pipe loading for different import directions

Contact

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